

PROSECCO SUPERIORE DAL 1876

CONSORZIO CONEGLIANO VALDOBBIADENE PROSECCO SUPERIORE



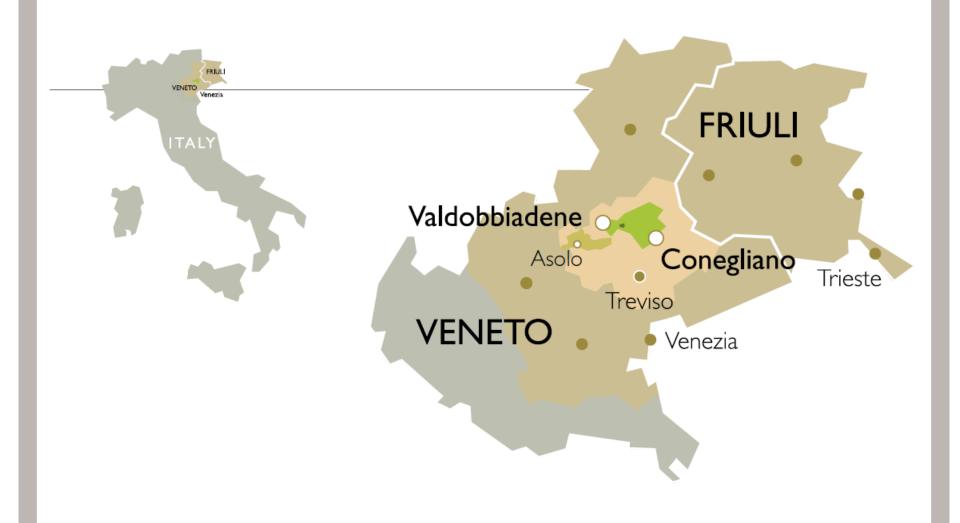
Prosecco is an Italian white wine, produced exclusively in the North East of Italy, according to the D.O.C and D.O.C.G. regulations. These represent two different levels of quality:

- Prosecco D.O.C.

The two D.O.C.G.:

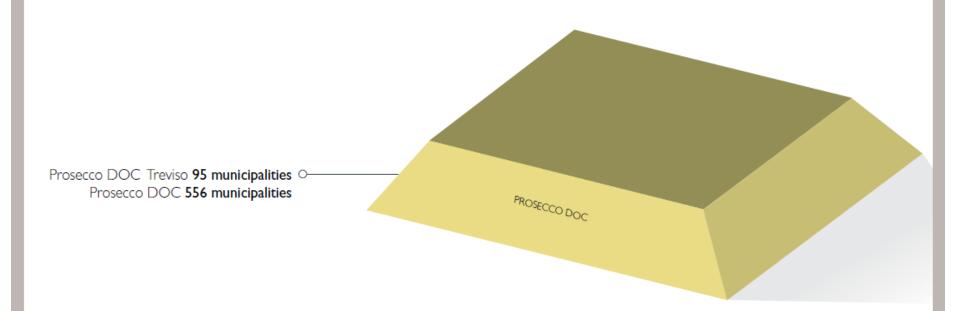
- Colli Asolani D.O.C.G.
- Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore D.O.C.G.





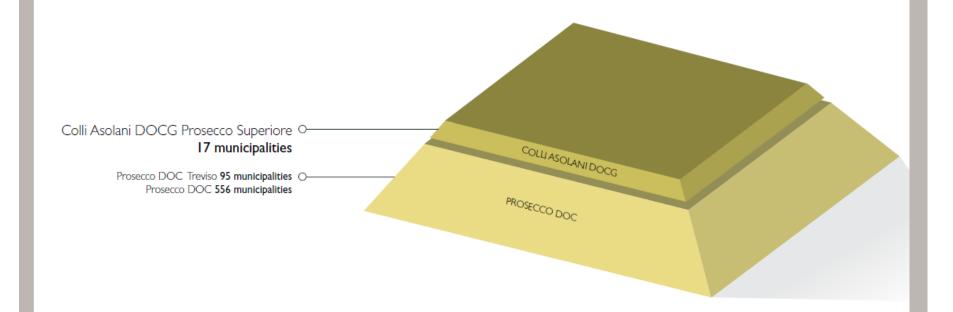






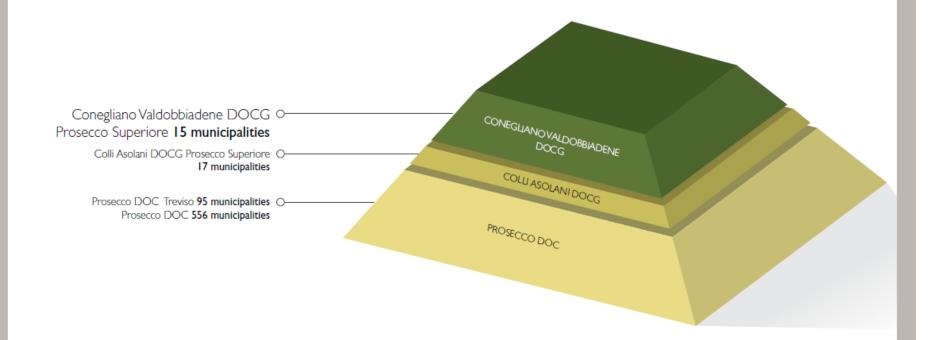






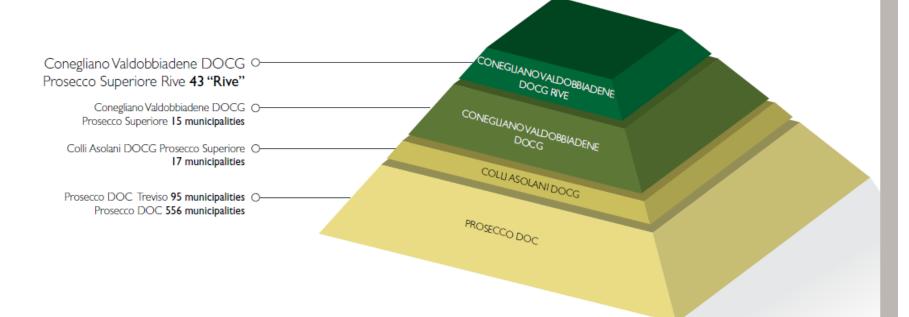




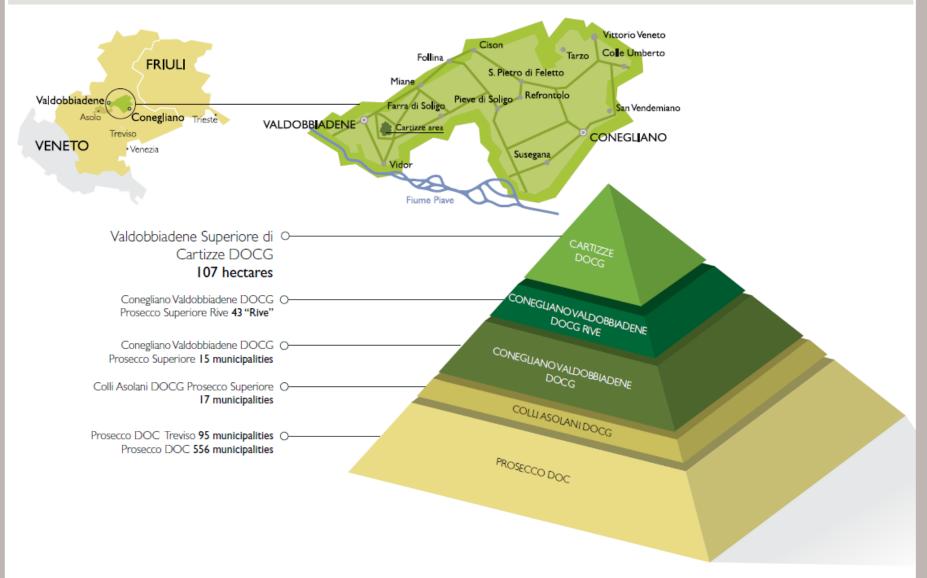












THE WORLD OF PROSECCO (2016 FIGURES)



	Conegliano Valdobbiadene DOCG	Prosecco DOC
Production (in bottles)	90.382.800	410.000.000
Production area (ha)	7.549	23.250
Sparkling wine producers	178	350

THE CONEGLIANO - VALDOBBIADENE AREA

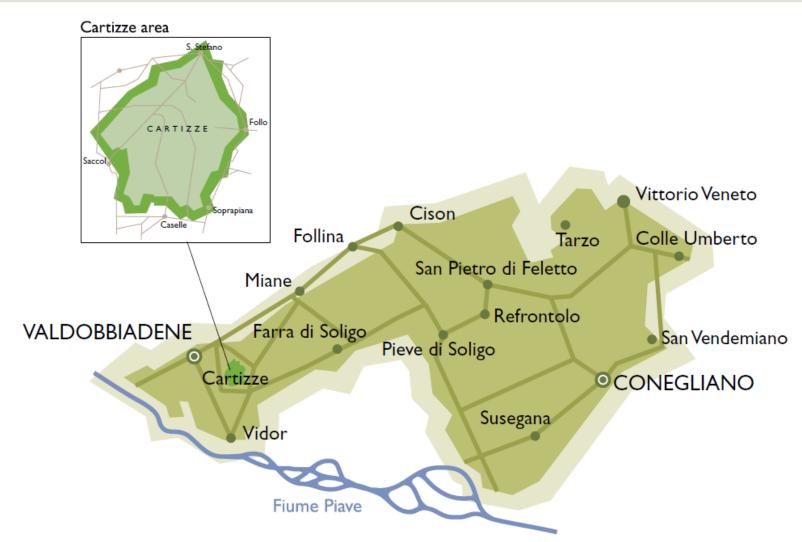


The area of Conegliano-Valdobbiadene lies only 50 km from Venice and from the Dolomites and is situated in a **hilly territory** where man has dedicated himself to vine-growing for centuries, creating a landscape that is so appealing that it is now a candidate to become a **UNESCO World Heritage Site**.

The small towns of **Conegliano and Valdobbiadene**, situated 40 km from each other, are the two «capitals» that give the denomination its name and they differ in terms of their specific roles in history and production.

THE CONEGLIANO - VALDOBBIADENE AREA





CONEGLIANO



The cultural capital of the D.O.C.G., where the Agricultural Academies were founded as long ago as the 18th century. It is the site of the oldest School of Oenology in Italy (founded in 1876), of the Experimental Institute for Viticulture (1923) and of the University.



VALDOBBIADENE



The **production capital** of the Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco D.O.C.G..

The headquarters of many producers, located in a vine-growing environment of particular natural beauty.



A NATURAL VOCATION FOR VITICULTURE



- The hills of Conegliano Valdobbiadene are situated in an ideal position for viticulture, between the sea and the foothills of the Alps, and offer a mild, temperate climate (average annual temperature 12.3°C; 54°F).
- Their extension from East to West favours the exposure to sunlight of the vineyards, which lie on south-facing slopes.
- The substantial rainfall (average: 1,250 mm; 49.2 in.) favours the cultivation of the Glera variety.



THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE SOILS: CONEGLIANO / VALDOBBIADENE



- 01. The zone of Conegliano is characterized by clayey soils of alluvial and morainic origin which yield richly-structured wines with particularly fruity aromas.
- O2. The zone of Valdobbiadene stands out thanks to its soils of very ancient origin, composed of moraines, sandstone and clays that yield wines of great finesse, with rich fruity and expecially floral aromas.



THE VARIETIES



For the production of Conegliano Valdobbiadene only the following varieties are permitted:

- Glera: with a minimum of 85%
- Other varieties: up to a maximum of 15%
- Local varieties: Verdiso, Bianchetta, Perera and Glera Lunga
- International varieties: Pinot and Chardonnay (for sparkling wines)



THE PRODUCTION METHOD



The production of Conegliano Valdobbiadene D.O.C.G. wines takes place according to the set of norms that regulate the cultivation of the grapes, their fermentation and subsequent natural "prise de mousse". The sparkling wines are produced using the «Italian Method», perfected over the years thanks to the research of *Professor De Rosa*.

This method calls for re-fermentation in pressurized tanks (autoclaves) and highlights the wines' primary and secondary fragrances and their fruity and floral aromas, whilst preserving all of their elegance, liveliness and freshness.



GOVERNMENT D.O.C.G. STRIP



Every bottle of Conegliano Valdobbiadene must bear a Government D.O.C.G. strip, which guarantees the quality of the wine and certifies that it has passed a large number of tests, from those in the vineyard to the chemical and organoleptic analysis of the finished product.



2016 FIGURES

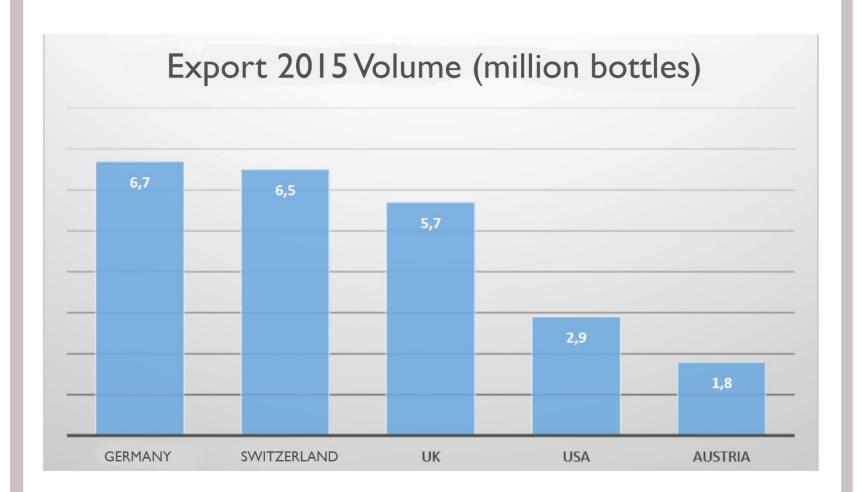


7.549
107 ha
178
90.382.800
86.622.133
41%
497 million Euro

^{*}Estimated figures provisionally

EXPORT FIGURES





THE STYLES



The styles of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore D.O.C.G.

- Spumante
- Frizzante
- Tranquillo



THE STYLES



The styles of Conegliano Valdobbiadene Prosecco Superiore D.O.C.G.

- Brut up to 12 g/l residual sugar
- Extra Dry from 12 to 17 g/l residual sugar
- Dry from 17 to 32 g/l residual sugar



THE RIVE - MUNICIPALITIES DENOMINATION



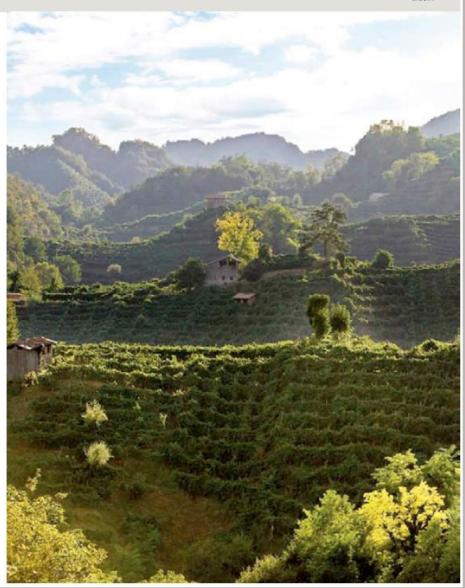


THE RIVE - MUNICIPALITIES DENOMINATION



The term **Rive** indicates, in the **local dialect**, those vineyards situated on steep sites.

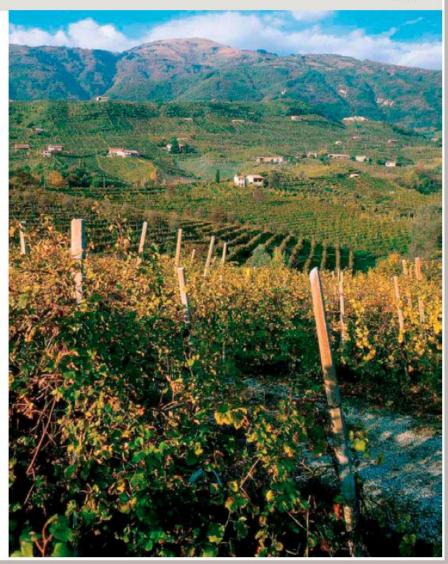
These wines are produced exclusively in the sparkling version, from hand-picked grapes coming from a single commune or hamlet. This category was introduced in the new production regulations in order to highlight the stylistic variety of Conegliano Valdobbiadene.



VALDOBBIADENE SUPERIORE DI CARTIZZE



"The Cru" of Conegliano Valdobbiadene: it comes from just 107 hectares of vineyards amid the steep hills of the hamlets of San Pietro di Barbozza, Santo Stefano and Saccol, in the commune of Valdobbiadene. A perfect combination of a gentle microclimate and very ancient soils, composed of moraines, sandstone and clays.



STORAGE AND SERVICE



The bottles should be stored in a cool, dry place, away from light and sources of heat. The wine expresses itself at its best in the year following the harvest.

Conegliano Valdobbiadene wine should be served at a temperature of between 6° and 8°C (43°-46°F), in a large tulipshaped glass. The «Prosecco» glass is ideal.





DAL 1876

www.prosecco.it